





History		Year 6	
<b>Focus: Changing power of monarchs</b>			
Age related vocabulary			
<b>Magna Carta</b>	The Magna Carta (Latin for “Great Charter”) was a document that gave certain rights to the English people.	<b>Causation</b>	The process of causing something to happen or exist
<b>Legacy</b>	Something that is a part of your history or that remains from an earlier time	<b>Absolute Monarch</b>	A government whereby one person holds all the power

Carlton Assessment Grid			
Success Criteria	Pupil Reflection		Teacher Assessment
	Before	After	
I can explain what a monarch is	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
I can draw a timeline of monarchs for England	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
I can identify major changes to the power of the monarchy	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
I can carry out an enquiry and explain how Queen Victoria changed Britain	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
I can communicate my knowledge of the monarchy using key vocabulary	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

<p><b>Key Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• William the conqueror took control of England in 1066 following the battle of Hastings; he was an absolute monarch as he had all the power.</li> <li>• The Magna Carta is a document that was created in 1215 by English barons and church leaders to limit the power of King John of England.</li> <li>• Queen Victoria’s legacy includes much change and political reform as she worked to strengthen the position of the monarchy in England and throughout Europe.</li> </ul> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;">   </div>
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