

Year 4

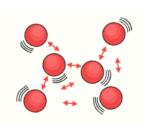
Science

Focus: Sound

Age related scientific vocabulary

vibrations	Sound is made when something vibrates. This causes the particles around it to vibrate which causes more particles nearby to vibrate, which sends a vibrating ripple away from the sound source.
volume	How loud or quiet something is. A sound becomes quieter as it travels away from its source.
pitch	How high or low a sound is. The size and shape of sound waves determine the type of sound we hear – whether it has high pitch or low pitch.





Key Knowledge

- Sound travels from its source in all directions and we hear it when it travels to our ears.
- Changing the shape, size and material of an object will change the sound it produces.
- Sound is produced when an object vibrates.
- Sound moves through all materials by making them vibrate.
- Changing the way an object vibrates changes its sound.
- Bigger vibrations produce louder sounds and smaller vibrations produce quieter sounds.
- Faster vibrations (higher frequencies) produce higher pitched sounds

Carlton Assessment Grid				
Success Criteria	Pupil Reflection		Teacher Assessment	
I know that sounds are made when an object vibrates	Before	After		
I understand that we hear sounds when the vibrations travel from a source through a medium to our ears	Before	After		
I understand that sounds get fainter as the distance from sound source increases—I can suggest questions that can be tested	Before	After		
I can find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of vibrations that produce it	Before	After		
I can find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it	Before	After		
I can investigate sound-proofing materials— I can put forward ideas about testing and make predictions	Before	After		